(XXX YEAR.) THE (No. 1547)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1775.

LONDON, *Feb.* 14.

AMONG the many reasons assigned for Monday's American motion are the certain loss of the revenue of trade and commerce, the uncertainty whether the troops would act against their fellow-subjects, the utter impracticability of enslaving the Americans, and lastly, an almost certainty of the military being soon wanted nearer home, to oppose European invaders.

Yesterday the several accounts of exports and imports was ordered to be laid before the house of commons.

If France does not mean an immediate war with England, she meditates a more serious blow, by securing America against her natural friend.

The spirited behaviour of the people of Jamaica, has thrown a universal consternation over the court.

We are informed that the attorney-general is ordered to prosecute the members of the constitutional club for subscribing £. 100 to the relief of the Bostonians, when both houses of parliament have declared that a rebellion is subsisting in the province.

Indeed the statute of Edward the third is so severe against aiders and abettors in cases of treason, that it is thought no honest jury can hesitate a moment about this verdict.

Feb 28. A great personage has insisted that no colonel whatever, of any of the regiments intended for America, or at present there, shall stay from their corps.

Yesterday 1 5000 tents, and other camp necessaries were shipped from the tower, for the use of the military in America.

BOSTON, *April* 17.

Capt. Collins brings advice, that the act for restraining the trade and blocking up all the ports of New-England, had passed the house of commons: That Lord Chatham, with anumber of his patriotic friends finding their efforts for saving the nation from tyranny and the horrors of a civil war, arose from their seats, and abruptly left the house of lords, giving as a reason for their conduct, that they would have no farther concerns in a legislature who were involving the nation in blood and slaughter.

A letter from Taunton, dated last Friday, mentions, "that on the Monday before, parties of minute men, &c. from every town in that county, with arms and ammunition, met at Freetown early that morning, in order to take Col. Gilbert, but he had fled on board the Rose man of war at Newport, they then divided into parties, took 29 tories, who had signed inlistments and received arms in the colonel's company, to join the king's troops; they also took 35 muskets, two case bottles of powder, and a basket of bullets, all which they brought to Taunton the same afternoon, where the prisoners were separately examined, 18 of whom made such humble acknowledgements of their past bad conduct, and solemn promises to behave better for the future, they were dismissed; but the other eleven being obstinate, and insulting a party they were sent to Simbury mines, but they were sufficiently humbled before they had got 14 miles on their way thither; upon which they were brought back next day, and after signing proper articles to behave better for the future, were escorted to Freetown. There was upwards of 2000 men embodied there last Monday."

NEW-YORK, *April* 20.

We have no papers from Boston, by yesterdays post. The report is, that as the printers were moving their types out of the town, the packages were stopped, and broken open by the soldiery, and the letters scattered or thrown into disorder, so that no paper could be got ready for the post.

Extract of a letter from Weathersfield, April 23.

"The late frequent marchings and countermarchings into the country, were calculated to conceal the most cruel and inhuman [illegible] and imagining they had lain suspicion asleep, pitched upon Wednesday night for the execution. A hint being got, two expresses were sent to the congress;---one of them had the good fortune to arrive, the other (Mr. Revere) is missing, supposed to be way-laid and slain. In the night of Tuesday, the company of grenadiers and light infantry from every regiment, were transported to Charlestown in long-boats, and at day break began their march for Lexington, where a number of the inhabitants were assembled peaceably without arms, to consult their safety. The commander called them rebels, and had them disperse.---On their refusal, he fired, killed and wounded nine.---They then proceeded towards Concord, marking their way with cruelties and barbarity never equalled by the savages of America.---In one house a woman and seven children were slaughtered (perhaps on their return) at Concord they seized two pieces of cannon, and destroyed two others, with all the flour, &c. in store, but the people secured their magazine of powder, &c.

By this time about 400 (no accounts make them more than 500) of our men assembled, and placed themselves so advantageously, without being perceived, that when the enemy were on the return, they received the full fire of our men. A heavy engagement ensued, the enemy retreating and our men pressing on them with constant reinforcements. At Lexington, they retook their two pieces of cannon, seized the enemy's waggons and baggage, and made about 20 prisoners, continuing to press the regulars close to Charles town, where they were on the point of giving up (one account says, this brigade was almost all cut off) but a reinforcement, under the command of lord Percy, having been detached that morning from Boston, they joined the first detachment in the retreat, and retired with it to Bunker's hill, where they entrenched, and night parted them. Our number increased, and next morning would have surrounded the hill, had it not been for the situation near the water, where on one side they were exposed to the fire from a man of war.

We lost 50 men in the action. The lowest account of the enemy's loss is 150. Lord Percy, general Haldimand, and many other officers, are said to be among the slain. A gentleman of veracity assured me that he numbered within half a mile from the place where the fight began, 150. The post confirms the same account.

We are all in motion here, and equipt from the town: yesterday, 100 young men, who cheerfully offered their service, 20 days provision and 64 round per man. They are all well armed and in high spirits, my brother is gone with them, and others of the first property. Our neighbouring towns are all arming and moving. Men of the first character and property, shoulder their arms and march off for the field of action. We shall by night have several thousands from this colony, on their march.

The eyes of America are on New York, the ministry have certainly been promised by some of your leading men, that your province would desert us; but you will be able to form a better judgment when you see how this intelligence is relished. Take care of yourselves, we have more than men enough, to block up the enemy at Boston; and if we are like to fall by treachery, by heaven we will not fall unrevenged on the traitors; but if balls or swords will reach them, they shall fall with us. It is no time now to dally, or be merely neutral, he that is not for us, is against us, and ought to feel the first of our resentment.---You must now declare, most explicitly, one way or the other; that we may know whether we are to go to Boston, or New-York; if you desert, our men, will as cheerfully attack New-York as Boston, for we can but perish, and that we are determined upon, or be free. I have nothing to add, but am,

Your friend and countryman, &c.

P. S. Col. Murray's son, one of the *tories* undertook to guide the regulars in their march to Concord, and on their retreat was taken prisoner, but attempting to escape from our people, they shot him---a death too honourable for such a villain!---they have made another of them a prisoner, but I do not recollect his name, none of ours were taken---Query, will col. Grant believe now that New-England men dare look regulars in the face? eighteen hundred of their best men, retreating with loss before one third of their number, seems almost incredible, and I think must be called an omen for good. In every struggle, heaven has as yet given us strength, equal to the day, it's hand is not shortened nor it's arm weakened——we are now called upon to shew the world, "*that whom we call fathers did beget us*," and that we desire to enjoy the blessings, they purchased for us with their lives and fortunes---we fix on our standards, and drums the colony arms, with the motto, *qui transtulet sustinet*, round it in letters of gold, which we construe thus, *God who transplanted us hither, will support us.*

Extract of another letter of the same date.

On Tuesday night the 18th instant, as secretly as possible, general Gage draughted out about 1000 or 1200 of his best troops, which he embarked on a transport, and landed that night at Cambridge.--- Wednesday morning by day break they marched up to Lexington, where, before breakfast, as usual, about 30 of the inhabitants were practising the mannal exercise---upon these, without the least provocation, they fired about 15 minutes, killed 6 men, and wounded several, without a single shot from our men, who retreated as fast as possible. Hence they proceeded to Concord; on the road thither, they fired at, and killed a man on horseback, went to the house where Mr. Hancock lodged, who, with Mr. Samuel Adams, luckily got out of their way, by the means of secret and speedy intelligence.--- The house was searched for them, but when they could not be found, the inhuman soldiery killed the woman of the house and all the children, and set fire to the house. Mr. Paul Revere was missing when the express came away. In their way to Concord, the regulars fired at and killed hogs, geese, cattle, and every thing that came in their way, and burnt several houses.

When they came to Concord, they took possession of the court-house, destroyed about two barrels of flour, and many of pork, plugged up one cannon, and broke another, belonging to the provincials, after which they marched back toward Boston. But before they marched far, they were met by 300 provincials, who received two fires from the regulars before they returned it. On the second fire from the provincials, the troops began to retreat firing regularly, till they came to Cambridge plains, when the provincials had increased to 5 or 6 hundred; the troops then took to their heels and ran helter skelter; our men pursuing and killing them, till they came to a place called Bunker hill, in Charles town. General Gage knowing they were attacked, sent out a reinforcement of about 900, with waggons of provisions, this reinforcement was boldly attacked by a less number of provincials, on which a brisk skirmish ensued. Our men had so much the advantage as to take the waggons of provisions, kill the commander of them, capt. Hogskie, and took 8 prisoners: 30 more clubbed their muskets and, came over to us, and many were killed on both sides. The remainder of this reinforcement joined the main body, which all retreated together, till they came to the said Bunker hill, where they encamped.

Night put an end to the firing, but the country having been alarmed, the provincials poured in from every quarter. When the express left the place, he says there could not be less than 30, or 40000 of our men under arms, and more coming very fast. They had surrounded the regular troops, and were throwing up entrenchments to hinder their retreat on the N E side, where a ship of war lies within a mile of them. Our men are in high spirits, no dejected countenances among them, which is not the case with the regulars. It is supposed that about 150 of the latter are killed, and among them lord Percy and general Haldimand, but this is only conjecture. Of our men it is supposed we have lost about 30 or 40, but none of note that we can hear of. The whole colony is alarmed, and has already marched or is ready.

This moment an express is arrived. The troops encamped on Thursday night got into Boston under the guns of the ships. The report of general Haldimand's death is confirmed. Percy is missing, supposed to be burned with the other dead, by the regular troops in a barn. Col. Murray's son, who was their pilot out, is dead.

WILLIAMSBURG.

To his Excellency the Right Honourable John Earl of Dunmore, his Majesty's lieutenant, governor-general, and commander in chief of the colony and dominion, of *Virginia*.

The humble address of the Mayor, Recorder, aldermen, *and* common council *of the city of* Williamsburg.

My LORD,

WE his Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council, of the city of Williamsburg in common-hall assembled humbly beg leave to represent to your Excellency, that the inhabitants of this city were this morning exceedingly alarmed, by a report that a large quantity of gunpowder was, in the preceding night, while they were sleeping in their beds, removed from the public magazine in this city, and conveyed under an escort of marines on board of his Majesty's armed vessels lying at a ferry on James river.

We beg leave to represent to your excellency, that as this magazine was erected at the public expence of this colony, and appropriated to the safe keeping of such ammunition as should be there lodged from time to time for the protection and security of the country, by arming thereout such of the militia as might be necessary in case of invasions and insurrections, they humbly conceive it to be the only proper repository to be resorted to in times of imminent danger.

We farther beg leave to inform your excellency, that from various reports, at present prevailing in different parts of the country, we have too much reason to believe that some wicked and designing persons have instilled the most diabolical notions into the minds of our slaves, and that therefore the utmost attention to our internal security is become the more necessary.

The circumstances of this city, my lord, we consider as peculiar and critical. The inhabitants, from the situation of the magazine, in the middle of their city, have for a long tract of time been exposed to all those dangers which have happened in many countries by explosions and other accidents. They have from time to time, thought it incumbent on them to guard the magazine. For their security, they have for some time past judged it necessary to keep strong patrols on foot: In their present circumstances, then, to have the chief and necessary means of their defence removed, cannot but be extremely alarming.

Considering ourselves as guardians of the city, we therefore humbly desire to be informed by your excellency, upon what motives, and for what particular purpose the powder has been carried off in such a manner, and we earnestly entreat your Excellency to order it to be immediately returned to the magazine.

To which address his excellency returned this verbal answer

THAT, hearing of an insurrection in a neighbouring county, he had removed the powder from the magazine, where he did not think it secure, to a place where it would be in perfect security, and that upon his word and honour, whenever it was wanted on any insurrection, it should be delivered in half an hour. That he had removed it in the night time to prevent any alarm and that Capt Collins had his express commands for the part he had acted. He was surprized to hear the people were under arms on this occasion, and that he should not think it prudent to put powder into their hands in such a situation.

BALTIMORE, April 19.

Extracts from the Proceedings *of the* Baltimore committee.

Committee chamber, April 5, 1775.

INFORMATION being made to the committee, that a few individuals, inhabitants of this town have of late worn pistols or private arms, alleging in justification of their conduct,

"That a motion had been made in the committee, to sacrifice some of the persons in this town, who differed from them, or were averse to the public measures now carrying on in this province; and that they wore arms against any such attempts."; the committee, to remove any prejudice that may be taken by the public against them, and to prevent the ill effects of such false and injurious reports, if circulated without contradiction, do solemnly declare, that no such motion was ever made,

or any entry, relative to the same, minuted in their proceedings. A few members of the committee were of opinion, that the names of such persons, who, upon application, had refused to contribute for the purchase of arms and ammunition, should be published; but even this measure was overruled in the committee as improper at that time.

Our meetings have been held in public, nor has any person, who thought fit to attend, ever been excluded. Our records are free and open for inspection.

From the public we received our authority, not by personal solicitation, but a free and voluntary choice; to that tribunal we submit our actions.

Although we have uniformly persevered, and are determined to persevere in carrying into execution, the association and measures of the congress; yet in no instance have we exceeded the line pointed out by that assembly, and our provincial assembly: And abhorring every idea of proscription, the committee call upon the persons, who have circulated the aforesaid report, to disclose the author.

(A true extract from the minutes)

R. ALEXANDER, Sec.

APRIL 15, 1775.

THE committee of observation for Baltimore county, reflecting on the many mischiefs and disorders, usually attending the fairs held at Baltimore town, and willing in all things, strictly to observe the regulations of the continental congress, who in their eighth resolution, have advised to discountenance and discourage every species of extravagance and dissipation, especially horse racing, cock-fighting, &c. have unanimously resolved, to recommend it to the good people of this county, and do hereby earnestly request, that they will not themselves, nor will suffer any of their families to attend, or in any wise encourage the approaching fair at Baltimore town. And all persons are desired not to erect booths, or in any manner prepare for holding the said fair.

We are persuaded the inhabitants of the town in particular will see the propriety of this measure, and the necessity of enforcing it as the fairs have been a nuisance long before complained of by them, as serving no other purpose than debauching the morals of their children and servants, affording an opportunity for perpetrating thefts, encouraging riots, drunkenness, gaming, and the vilest immoralities.

SAM. PURVIANCE, jun. chairman.

APRIL 18, 1775.

The chairman of the committee for Baltimore county, has this day received from Mr. John Veazey, £. 306 5 0 being the very generous donation of Cæcil county, for the relief of the distressed inhabitants of Boston.

ANNAPOLIS *May* 4.

At a meeting of the deputies appointed by the several counties of the province of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 24th of April, 1775, and continued, by adjournment, from day to day, till the 3d of May, were present, one hundred members.

The hon. MATTHEW TILGHMAN, Esq; in the chair.

GABRIEL DUVALL appointed clerk.

RESOLVED *unanimously*, That his Majesty King George the third, is lawful and rightful King of Great Britain, and the dominions thereunto belonging, and that the good people of this province do owe, and will bear faith and true allegiance to our said lawful and rightful king, as the sovereign, constitutional guardian, and protector of the rights of all his subjects.

On motion, that a committee be appointed to prepare a draft of a letter to the committee of correspondence for Philadelphia acquainting them, that this convention had received from gentlemen of their committee, an *Extract of a letter from New-York*, communicating the very interesting and important intelligence, that a number of troops were ordered for that city, which was to be the place of arms and fortified---That all communication between that city and the southern and eastern provinces was to be cut off, that the people of that colony were concerting means to prevent such scheme, were embodying themselves, and desired the immediate assistance of the southward colonies, before the arrival of the troops; that this convention were greatly alarmed and deeply concerned for that colony, and therefore desired to be acquainted with the authenticity of that account, and the particulars thereof; and that the committee of Philadelphia would give this convention as full and particular account of the state of the colony of New-York, and of their own province, as they possibly can; what conduct, it is expected, will be adopted by their colony, and of all other matters which they may think of consequence to the general welfare of America. The previous question was moved for and put, whether the above question be now put? And resolved in the affirmative.

The above question was then put, and resolved in the affirmative.

The following letter was accordingly sent to the committee for the city and liberties of Philadelphia.

Annapolis, Saturday, April 29, 1775, 5 o'clock, afternoon.

GENTLEMEN,

THE extract of the letter from New-York, communicating the very interesting and important intelligence, "that a number of troops were ordered for that city, which was to be the place of arms, and fortified; that all communication between that city and the southern and eastern provinces was to be cut off; that the people of that colony were concerting means to prevent such schemes, were embodying themselves, and desired the immediate assistance of the southward colonies before the arrival of the troops." was this morning about 10 o'clock, received, and immediately laid before the provincial convention now sitting: The convention are deeply concerned for New-York, and request to be acquainted with the authenticity of that account, and the particulars thereof, and that you will advise them what conduct it is expected will be held by New-York, your province and the Jerseys, on the very interesting and trying occasion.

By order of the convention,

MAT. TILGHMAN,

Chairman of the convention.

Resolved unanimously, That all exportations from this province to Quebec, Nova Scotia, Georgia, and Newfoundland, or any part of the fishing coasts, or fishing islands, and to the town of Boston, ought immediately to be suspended until the continental congress shall give further orders therein.

Resolved, That it is earnestly recommended to the inhabitants of this province, to continue the regulation of the militia, as recommended by the last provincial convention, and that particular attention be paid to forming and exercising the militia throughout this province, and that the subscriptions for the purposes by the said convention recommended, be forthwith compleated and applied.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention, that the honourable Matthew Tilghman, Esq; Thomas Johnson, jun. Robert Goldsborough, Samuel Chase, William Paca, John Hall, and Thomas Stone, Esquires, the delegates of our province, or any three or more of them, do join with the delegates of the other colonies and provinces, at such time and place as shall be agreed on, and in conjunction with them, deliberate upon the present distressed and alarming state of the British colonies in North-America, and concur with them in such measures as shall be thought necessary for the defence and protection thereof, and most conducive to the public welfare. And as this convention has nothing so much at heart as a happy reconciliation of the differences, between the mother country and the British colonies in North-America, upon a firm basis of constitutional freedom; so has it a confidence in the wisdom and prudence of the said delegates, that they will not proceed to the last extremity, unless in their judgments they shall be convinced that such measure is indispensably necessary for the safety and preservation of our liberties and privileges. That in the present state of public affairs, this convention is sensible, that the measures to be adopted by the continental congress, must depend much upon events which may happen to arise; and relying firmly upon the wisdom and integrity of their delegates, this province will, as far as is in their power, carry into execution such measures as shall be agreed on and recommended by the general congress.

Resolved, That it be recommended, that the sum of £. 600 be raised in the different counties of this province by subscription, under the direction of the several committees in the following proportion.

In St. Mary's county, £.	36
Charles,	48
Calvert,	22
Prince George's,	50
Anne-Arundel,	52
Frederick,	80
Baltimore,	56
Harford,	28
Worcester,	32
Somerset,	32
Dorchester,	29
Caroline,	21
Talbot,	24
Queen-Anne's,	32
Kent,	34
Cæcil,	24

And that the several sums to be raised on the western shore, be paid to Mr. Charles Wallace, of the city of Annapolis, and the several sums to be raised on the eastern shore, be paid to Mr. Thomas Ringgold of Chester-town, to defray the expences of the delegates at the ensuing continental congress.

Resolved, that it is recommended to all ranks and denominations of people, to use their utmost endeavours to preserve peace and good order throughout this province.

This convention deeply considering the distressed and perplexed situation of British America, the weakness of all human counsels, and that the hearts of all men are in the disposal of the supreme being, do recommend, that the eleventh day of this instant may be observed throughout this province, as a day of fasting and humiliation, and that the inhabitants of this province, on that day, in an especial manner, by prayer and supplication, humbly and devoutly implore the blessing, support, and protection of Almighty God, for the preservation of the rights and liberties of America, and the restoration of peace, union, and happiness to the British empire.

This convention taking into consideration, that the time proposed for the meeting of the next continental congress is near at hand, and that it is highly expedient that the delegates of this province should attend the said congress, as early in their session as may be, where the state of the city and colony of New-York, as well as the circumstances of the other colonies and provinces may be best known, and measures for the security of the city and colony of New-York, as well as the safety of all British America, be best concerted and provided for. And whereas it is now altogether incertain when an answer may be received to the letter sent on Saturday last to the committee of correspondence in the city of Philadelphia, and it being necessary that the members of this convention should return to their respective counties; it is therefore resolved, that this Convention do now rise.---And it is recommended to such of the counties in this province, where it may be necessary, forthwith to make choice of deputies to represent them in a provincial convention, to be held in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 22d of May, unless an earlier or later day should be appointed by the delegates of this province, or any three of them appointed to attend the continental congress.

The following were received, by return of the express sent by the Provincial Convention to the Committee of Correspondence for Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1775.

Gentlemen,

WE have duly received your favour of the 24th ult. As the accounts from New-York were not handed to this committee through a channel that gave us the satisfaction we could wish, and as they were very important, we thought proper immediately to dispatch some of our members to that place, in order that they might, on the spot, learn the true situation of affairs there, and what the inhabitants of New-York expect from the southern colonies. On their return, or on the receipt of any certain intelligence, we shall immediately communicate the particulars to you.

In mean time we have to inform you, that, upon the receipt of the late intelligence, this city and county immediately took the alarm, and are arming and forming with all possible expedition; and, by accounts from the other counties in this province, the same spirit prevails every where; and we hope, in a short time, we shall be in a condition to unite our efforts with the rest of the colonies.

Inclosed we send you a letter from Newport, Rhode-Island, which contains a particular account of the situation of affairs to the eastward, together with some important intelligence.

By order of the committee,

JOHN NIXON, chairman.

To Matthew Tilghman, Esq; chairman of the provincial convention of the province of Maryland, now sitting at Annapolis.

Gentlemen, *Newport, April 25, 1775.*

YOU have, without doubt, before this time, heard of the bloody, savage massacre of a number of the inhabitants of Lexington, a town about 22 miles northwest from Boston, perpetrated by a detachment of about 1200 of the king's troops, and what ensued thereon. We inclose you two accounts which may be more particular than any you have yet received. The one was brought us by a gentleman who left Cambridge on Thursday last, in the forenoon, and is contained in the hand-bill; the other is in the news-paper. Since we received these accounts, we have been credibly informed, that the number of the king's troops, killed and taken, amounts to about 300, besides many were wounded and carried into Boston; the number of Americans to about 40 killed and wounded, and it is said about 4 or 5 taken prisoners. A large body of men, not less than 20,000, are assembled, and [illegible] a semi-circle from Charles-Town to Roxbury: [illegible] plan of operation will be is unknown. By a [illegible]an of the committee of correspondence for the [illegible] of Providence, in this colony, who arrived here [illegible] afternoon, we are informed, that the provincial congress of the Massachusett's Bay, now sitting, have determined that a standing army of 30,000 men should be raised in the New-England colonies, expecting that the southern colonies will assist in furnishing monies for their support. That our people had taken possession of a hill on Dorchester point, which commands general Gage's works on Boston-Neck, and that they had made entrenchment within gun-shot of those works at Roxbury.---That two men of war had arrived at Boston, and brought the three generals that have been expected, and that 5,000 troops had embarked for that place when those men of war left England. There were not more than 300 Americans in a body, at any one time, during the action on Wednesday, and they acquitted themselves with such intrepidity as has convinced the king's officers, that Americans can and will fight. All communication between the town of Boston and the other parts of the colony being shut up, and things being in a state of confusion, renders it almost impossible to obtain any certain particular intelligence from that quarter. However the foregoing account we think may be depended upon. We had hoped that the disputes between Great-Britain and these colonies would have been settled without bloodshed; but the parliament of Great-Britain, it seems, have determined to push their iniquitous unconstitutional measures by dint of arms. The [illegible] of civil war has been drawn by the king's troops, and [illegible]ed in the bowels of our countrymen. May [illegible] with liberty, from [illegible] and [illegible]

rians never be obliged again to take up arms but against a foreign foe. We hope that the union, which has so remarkably taken place through most the American colonies, may acquire, if poſſible, greater firmneſs by this unjuſtifiable, inhuman, murderous attack upon our countrymen; for, upon an univerſal firmly cemented union of the American colonies, under God, depends the ſalvation and eſtabliſhment of American liberty. I am, in behalf of the committee of correſpondence for the town of Newport, Gentlemen, your and America's ſincere friend,

WILLIAM ELLERY.

To the committee of correſpondence for the city of Philadelphia.

In committee, Philadelphia, May 1, 1775, received per capt. Whitman this day, and forwarded to Annapolis.

J. B. SMITH, ſec. of committee.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.

ENTERED.

Ship Hercules, John Norwood, Dublin.
Ship Baltimore Packet, Alexander Kennedy, London.
Brig Joſeph, Joſeph Thompſon, Poole.
Brig Jane, Peter Templeton, London.
Snow Elizabeth, James Smyth, London.
Brig Maryland Merchant, T. Nicholſon, London.
Brig Amy, Thomas Salmon, Amſterdam.
Schooner Sally and Polly, N. Freeman, Jamaica.
Brig Autumn, James Campbell, New-York.
Sloop Two Siſters, J. Oakman, Salem.
Brig Sally Van, Richard Alſton, Jamaica.
Schooner Ninety-Two, Iſaiah Stetſon, Salem.

CLEARED,

Schooner Three Brothers, David Smith, Nova-Scotia.
Brig Mary Carroll, David Simmons, Dublin.
Schooner Betſey, Thomas Slater, Dartmouth.
Ship Peggy, William Burrow, Cork.
Brig Wren, Thomas Wood, London.
Ship Induſtry, Arthur Barnes, Briſtol.
Schooner Ninety-two, Iſaiah Stetſon, Briſtol.

To be ſold to the higheſt bidder, on Thurſday the 8th day of June next, on the premiſes,

THREE hundred and ſeventy-three ¼ acres of valuable land, abounding with plenty of wood and excellent timber, lying near Lower Marlborough, in Calvert county, about two miles from Patuxent river, where there is an extraordinary landing for catching fiſh; about 1½ miles from a good merchant mill, and alſo within 3 miles of Thomas John Clagget's church, and 4 miles from Hunting-town. On the ſaid land there is three different ſettlements; on one of them there is a good dwelling-houſe, kitchen, quarter, corn-houſe, ſtable, and a new barn 40 by 24 feet, double ground-ſtuff, framed and ſhingled in the beſt manner, a good paled garden, and a good apple-orchard of excellent fruit all in good repair. On another ſettlement, there is a good dwelling-houſe, and tobacco-houſe, and a fine young orchard of exceeding good fruit; there is alſo about 8 acres of meadow land under a good ditch and fence, and 20 acres more may be added to it, equally as good. And on the other ſettlement, there is a dwelling-houſe and corn-houſe, with about four acres of meadow land cleared, to which may be added about 6 acres more. The above land and improvements will be ſold, either altogether or in lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer.

The land will be ſhown, the terms made known to thoſe who incline to purchaſe privately, and an undoubted title to the ſaid land and premiſes, made by the ſubſcriber.

Thoſe who are inclinable to purchaſe privately, are deſired to apply ſoon, as there has been ſeveral offers made already. Liberty will be given to the purchaſer to ſow ſmall grain this fall, and poſſeſſion given the 25th day of December next.

WILLIAM HICKMAN.

OTHELLO,

NOW riſing four years old, will cover this ſeaſon, at Belmont, near Chooſeſſe, in Virginia, at four piſtoles, and a dollar to the groom. This high bred horſe was got by Carnought, his dam by Traveller, his grand dam by Fox, and his great grand dam by Lord Portmore's noted horſe Regulus.

Good care will be taken of the mares ſent to him, but will not be liable for any that may get off. The money will be expected when the mares are brought, by

3w JOHN CASTURN, groom.

TAKEN up ſeveral days ago in Patapſco river, a cinch ſtained boat, about 20 feet long, with a woman's check apron tied to one of the thwarts, bottom upwards. Whoever owns the ſaid boat, may have her again, on proving his property, and paying charges, to James Fox, living on Patapſco river, near the Bodkin.

TAKEN out of the ſubſcriber's paſture on Monday the 17th of April laſt, a dark bay horſe, fourteen hands high, eight years old, ſhod before, low in flesh, and has a ſmall ſore on his back; I do ſuppoſe he was taken by ſome negro. Any perſon that will bring him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall be paid one dollar for their trouble.

3w WILLIAM HALL, jr.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in St. Mary's county, Maryland, on the 6th day of January laſt, a negro man ſlave, named Joſh Collins, 23 years of age, about 6 feet high, by trade a houſe carpenter and joiner; he was taken up at Broad-creek in Prince George's county, on the 16th day of April laſt, and ſaid his name was Stephen Calvert, and got away from the perſons that took him up, and is ſtill likely he may change his name again. The cloathing he had on then was a white waiſtcoat and breeches, and old blue coat; he has over his left eye a ſmall ſcar; he is alſo very fond of gaming, and very artful in all his proceedings. Whoever ſecures the ſaid negro ſo that I may get him again, ſhall receive a reward of twenty dollars, and if brought home reaſonable charges paid,

by 4w CLEMENT GARDINER.

To be ſold at public vendue, on the 15th day of May next, on the premiſes,

A TRACT of land ſituated in Frederick county, on the head of Seneca, containing 300 acres; whereon is a plantation of about 30 acres, on which is ſeveral valuable improvements and in very good repair, with a good deal of land that may be made into meadow, is an extraordinary range for ſtock of every kind, and commands an excellent ſtand for a tavern on the main road from Annapolis, and Elk Ridge to Frederick town, the title indiſputable, and may be entered on the firſt of December next. Time will be given for part of the purchaſe money, paying intereſt. Further terms will be made known on the day of ſale, by

THOMAS MILES ROBERTS.

N. B. There is a ſafe and young apple and peach orchard on the premiſes.

Wiccomico creek, Somerſet county, April 11, 1775.

BROKE jail in the night of Tueſday, or early on Wedneſday morning the 12th inſtant, the three following men, committed for debt, viz. Isaac Gee, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a fair complexion, ſhort dark coloured hair, and aged 25 years; has had a ſore on his left leg lately cured, the marks of which are evident to be ſeen, and has now a ſore mouth, two of his fore teeth are very much decayed, is ſlim built, and ſtoops when he walks; pretends to ſeveral branches of buſineſs, ſuch as ſhoemaking, carpenters work, tending of ſaw mills, as alſo the farmer's buſineſs. As he is tolerable ingenious, and withal crafty, it is very probable he may have forged paſſes for himſelf and companions, and changed their names, as he writes a tolerable hand, lived about 18 months ago in Kent county, on Delaware, to which place it is probable he may be again gone; had on and carried with him, a pale blue mixed German ſerge coat, cut in the faſhion, black velvet jacket with black glaſs buttons, white Ruſſia drill breeches, grey country made worſted ſtockings, one pair of ſhoes just ſoaled with large plated buckles, a caſtor hat half worn, as alſo two check and one white linen ſhirts, one pair of brown thread ſtockings, two pair of ſnabrig trouſers, a light coloured Wilton jacket that has been turned, and a pair of old green ſagathy breeches, patched in ſeveral places.

Levin Taylor, by trade a tailor, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a pale complexion, hurt dark coloured hair, and aged about 29 years; has had both his legs ſore lately, ſtoops a little as he walks, (but not ſo much as Gee) is fond of liquor and taking ſnuff, and apt to get drunk when in his power; is a tolerable good workman at his buſineſs though but ſlow, and ſerved his time at Cambridge, in Dorcheſter county, to one Ready; had on and carried away with him, a coarſe light blue broad cloth coat, patched on the ſleeves with pieces of a lighter colour, a black and red ſpotted ſwanſkin double breaſted jacket with flat white metal buttons, brown German ſerge breeches, grey worſted ſtockings, and new pumps pretty much worn, with old pinchbeck buckles, a tan tail bound caſtor hat, one white linen ſhirt, a pair of old Ruſſia drill breeches, a pair of German ſerge breeches of a light colour, and a new ſagathy coat blue colour.

Levi Harriſon, by trade a ſhoemaker, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well ſet, of a freſh complexion, fair hair tied behind, is troubled with ſore eyes, and aged about 23 or 24 years; he formerly lived at Salisbury, on Wiccomico river, ſerved his time at or near Snow-hill, where his relations moſtly live, and is a remarkable good workman; had on and carried with him, a coarſe brown broad cloth coat, jacket of a light colour, blue cloth breeches, worſted ſtockings, a pair of theſe pretty much worn, pinchbeck buckles, and a Philadelphia made caſtor hat, all pretty much worn; as alſo ſundry more cloaths, and whether he carried his team with him I know not, but is probable he did. Whoever ſecures the ſaid runaways, or either of them in any of his majeſty's jails, and contrives notice to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive three pounds if taken in the province, and if out of the province, five pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges allowed if brought home, paid by

J. DASHIELL, ſheriff.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Pig's point, negro Jem, about 28 years of age, a yellow fellow, bow leggedly had on when he went away, a brown drugget waiſtcoat, blue cloth breeches, and yarn ſtockings; he carried ſundry other cloaths with him, and may change his apparel. Whoever will ſecure the ſaid negro in any jail, ſhall receive a reward of thirty ſhillings, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

MARY DRURY.

Juſt imported from Barbados, in the ſchooner Hannah, Capt. Ruſſell,

A FEW ſmall caſks of the very beſt old cane ſpirit, which are to be ſold at my ſtore, on reaſonable terms, for trade money.

2w THO. BROOKE HODGKIN.

Annapolis, April 25, 1775.

Juſt imported from Briſtol, in the ſhip Olive Branch, Capt. Faunt in,

A PARCEL of indented ſervants, amongſt whom are ſeveral tradeſmen, whoſe whole indentures are to be diſpoſed of, by

THO. BROOKE HODGKIN.

BADGER,

WILL cover mares this ſeaſon, at Mr. Anthony Stewart's plantation, at the Rope-walk, near Annapolis, at five pound currency each mare, and a dollar to the groom. Badger is a fine dapple gray, 15 hands one inch high, very bony and handſome, imported in 1773; bred by Mr. Wildman, and got by Lord Clermont's Bulphorus, out of Lord Egmont king's plates; his dam by Othello, commonly called Black and all Black, which beat Lord march's Bajazet over Kildare courſe in Ireland, his grand dam by the Duke of Devonſhire's Flying Childers.

Badger won fifty pounds at Gilford; and got lame at Epſom; all the times he has ſtarted. The money for each mare to be paid at the time of covering, if

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Good graſs for mares at two ſhillings and ſixpence per week. No charge for keeping of the mares will be accepted of.

GEORGE WATSON,

ABOVE thirty years ago, a ſervant to trade, ſon of George Watſon, blackſmith in Town-head of Berwic, in the ſhire of Kincardine, North-Britain; was about 22 years of age when he left home and went to Maryland.—His friends by different informations underſtood he carried on a manufactory at Annapolis in the weaving branch.

If ſaid George Watſon is yet alive, and meets or hears of this advertiſement, he will know of ſomething greatly to his advantage, by applying to Robert Buchanan in Norfolk, or to the publiſhers hereof.

Annapolis, April 20, 1775.

THE ſubſcriber has upon hand about ſeven hundred pounds firſt coſt of goods, which he will diſpoſe of upon exceeding low terms.

ROBERT BUCHANAN.

FOUND between Kent point and Poplar iſland in Patapſco, an anchor about 400 weight. The owner may have it, proving property, paying charges and ſalvage, by applying to Mr. Patrick Graham, in Port-Tobacco, Charles county.

WAS taken up by Richard Bennett Lloyd's negroes, at Wootton point, ſome time this winter, a ſmall boat, 23 feet keel, ſtraight rabbet, white bottom, the firſt ſtreak black, the upper ſtreak red, 4 row locks, 2 oars, a fortiſels, and has an iron chain to her.

ON the 26th of laſt month, part of an anchor at Kent point, in three or four fathom water, the anchor about four cwt. the ſtock bound with three rings, ſuppoſed to be left with it about four or five fathom of cable; the buoy made of cedar, painted red, and ſtuck, and about eight fathom of a ſmall inch buoy-rope. It is ſtrongly preſumed that a boat belonging to St. Mary's, on Patowmack, has taken up this anchor. Whoever has it, are required either to advertiſe, or give notice to Col. Edward Lloyd, on Wye river, or either printer in Annapolis, who will pay a reaſonable charge for his or their trouble.

A. BRYAN.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, one lot of ground in George-town, whereon are ſeveral good buildings. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to Mr. William Deakins, jun. in George-town, or the ſubſcriber on Captain John, Frederick county.

ALEXANDER OFFUTT.

To be ſold by the ſubſcribers, for ready money, at Upper Marlborough, on Monday the fifteenth day of May next, if fair, if not, on the next fair day,

ABOUT twenty country-born negroes; amongſt which are ſeveral young breeding women, boys and girls, from eight to fifteen years of age. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock.

PHILIP CLARKE,
GEO. M'CLARKE,
ROGER CLARKE.

N. B. London bills will be taken at the current exchange.

To be ſold at public ſale, to the higheſt bidder on the premiſes, the ſixth day of June next,

TWO hundred and fifty acres of land in Frederick county, Maryland, lying about five miles from George-town, whereon is a good plantation well improved, with neceſſary buildings for planter or farmer, an exceeding good apple orchard, and good marſh for meadows, the land is well timbered and rich, ſuitable for planting or farming, the purchaſer will have liberty to ſow a crop of fall grain ſoon as he may chooſe; poſſeſſion will be given the firſt day of December next. Six months credit will be given for one half the purchaſe money, and twelve months for the other half, on giving bond with good ſecurity.

NATHANIEL SLICER.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on Tueſday night laſt, two ſervant men, viz. Thomas Spear, a joiner, born in Briſtol, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, ſlender made, and a courſe voice—he has ſhort ſandy coloured hair, light grey, or ſome what blue eyes, a little pock-marked and freckled, he took with him a coat, waiſtcoat, and breeches, of light coloured duffil, with black horn buttons—another light coloured cloth waiſtcoat, (I believe a little tarred) old leather breeches, black and ofnabrig trowſers, a pair of new mixed yarn hoſe, a pair of old ribbed ones, a new pair of oſnabrig trowſers, and a felt hat but little worn.

William Webſter, born in Scotland, and talks broad, about 5 feet 6 inches high, 30 years of age, well made, with light brown hair, (ſhort) and a round full face; he took with him an olive coloured coat, pretty much worn, with black horn buttons, a dark waiſtcoat and breeches (from the ſame cloth of 8 years) new oſnabrig trouſers, check and oſnabrig ſhirts. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſervants, and delivers them at my dwelling-houſe in Fairfax county, ſhall receive the above reward, or twenty dollars for either from

WASHINGTON.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD,

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Frederick county, near Bladensburgh, a likely mulatto fellow, named James Mason. He is about 5 feet nine or 10 inches high, has short black hair curled behind, and is a straight well made active fellow, of about twenty-seven years of age. He understands a little of the blacksmith's business, and is a tolerable good waggoner: he had on, when he went away, a brown cloth coat, an old double breasted jacket, a pair of white drilling or fustian breeches, a white shirt, a new hat with a white band and loop, and a pair of plated buckles in his shoes. As he is a sensible, artful fellow, it is probable he may have a forged pass, or a discharged indenture from some of his acquaintances, and may endeavour to pass as a freeman. Whoever takes up the said slave, and secures him in any jail, so as I may get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home, their travelling expences, paid by w 3 WALTER BEALL.

Nottingham, April 1, 1775.

OUR partnership is now at an end: all persons that have had any dealings with us, are desired to settle and discharge their balances, but little regard was paid to our last advertisement --- Constant attendance will be given at this place to settle and receive our debts, and those that do not comply by the 10th of July next, legal measures will be taken to enforce payments without respect to persons.

We have between £700 and £800 cost of goods, which we would sell very cheap, and give two years time of payment. 12 w

THO. CONTEE,
FIELDER BOWIE.

Lyons Creek, March 30, 1775.

To be sold by the subscribers, a quantity of good Barbados rum, Muscovado sugar, coffee, chocolate, soap, candles, &c. &c. either by wholesale or retail, for ready cash only.

w 3 JAMES LEATCH, and Comp.

N. B. All persons indebted to James Leatch, are desired to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence will be given.

LOST at Prince George's county court, on Wednesday the 29th instant, a large red Morocco pocket-book, in which was between three and four pounds in cash, and sundry papers belonging to Capt. Robert Etherington, of no use to any one but the owner. Whoever has found the said pocket-book, and will bring it with the papers to the subscriber in Upper Marlborough, shall be welcome to the money that was in it, and a reward besides of twenty shillings current money, and no questions asked.

RALPH FORSTER.

A white woman to be sold for her prison fees, that is an exceeding good spinster and knitter.

George-town, on Potowmack, December 27, 1774.

THE manufactory of snuff of various sorts is now carried on by me at this place, where I can furnish it either in wholesale or retail, at reasonable rates. I have also manufactured tobacco for sale, viz. shag and saffron, and shall shortly begin and continue to manufacture it in all the different forms, if I receive proper encouragement.

Orders from persons at a distance will be duly attended to, either by myself, or Mr Joseph Birch; and I will give ready money, or snuff for empty snuff bottles delivered here. 3 m

RICHARD THOMPSON.

N. B. I will now say, and with some degree of confidence, that at present I have by me, (and shall continue to make) as good snuff as is manufactured on this continent.

STERLING,

THE property of Harry Dorsey Gough, stands at Perry Hall, Baltimore county, where he will cover at two guineas the season, he is only to go to thirty mares; therefore those that send will stand a better chance of a colt than in the common way: this horse never was backed, and it is intended never shall, but kept on purpose for covering, he is five years old this spring, handsome, and upwards of fifteen hands high, and well made in proportion; was got by Col. Sharp's noted Othello, and out of a remarkable fine English dray mare, therefore he is what they call in England the coach horse; from this strain out of light mares, they breed those noble horses called hunters, which is preferred to any in Great Britain, for either strength, carriage, or saddle. 2 m

FOR SALE,

THE following tracts of land, lying in Worcester county, in the province of Maryland, viz. Batchellor's Adventure, containing 338 acres; lying on a branch, known by the name of Johnson's Mill Branch-Addition, containing 210 acres, lying on Pocomoke river; they will be sold for sterling or current money. The title indisputable. For terms apply to

WILLIAM T. WOOTTON.

N. B. Time will be given for payment of the greatest part of the purchase money if required.

Annapolis, April 12, 1775.

ALL persons indebted to me, previous to my partnership with Dr. Kennedy, are desired to settle their accounts immediately; those who do not comply with this request, need not, after the first day of June next ensuing, expect any kind of indulgence, from

w 4 MICHAEL WALLACE.

Annapolis, February 1, 1775.

WANTED by the commissioners or trustees, for the poor of Anne-Arundel county, 450 posts of cedar or locust to square seven inches, and 9 ½ feet long; 2000 rails of white oak or yellow poplar, 3 by 4 inches, and to be 10 feet long. Whoever will supply the above articles, are desired to apply to Mr. Nathan Hammond, one of the trustees.

Chester town, April 10, 1775.

ANTHONY BANNING,

Hath just imported in the Hannah, Capt. Russell, from Barbadoes,

A PARCEL of choice rum and old spirit fit for present use, which will be sold cheap by the quantity. He has also for sale, excellent demarara spirit, in puncheons, quarter casks, and kegs, at 7s. 6d. per gallon. w 5

Talbot court-house, April 9, 1775.

TO be sold by the subscribers, all their goods on hand, consisting of a variety of articles, which with the addition of some linens, will make out a good spring assortment. A person inclinable to begin the merchantile business at this place, where there will be good opening, and will purchase the goods aforementioned, may have the house now made use of by us, with all the conveniences thereto belonging. As the settlement of this partnership account is earnestly requested, all persons indebted, are desired to settle and pay of their balances. w 4

CHAMBERLAINE and Comp.

Baltimore county, Patapsco Neck, April 3, 1775.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

For apprehending a Runaway.

JAMES, a mulatto slave, sometimes known by the name of Vulcan, but commonly answers to the name of Buck, took on abrupt leave of his overseer last Wednesday, and has not yet returned; he is a dark mulatto, about 5 feet 9 inches high, strong made, sensible, artful, and deceptive in conversation, firm and daring in his efforts to perpetrate villainy, tho' of mild temper, and plausible in speech: he has frequently travelled through a considerable part of this and some part of the province of Pennsylvania; is well known, it is supposed, in the borough and county of Lancaster, and is acquainted with Philadelphia; may probably therefore re-visit those places. His working cloaths were a home manufactured long cloth waistcoat with sleeves, and breeches, yarn stockings, osnabrig shirt, and good shoes, nailed with hobs: he is possessed of and has taken with him a blue German serge coat, a green broad cloth vest, two pair of cotton and one pair of thread stockings, two white shirts ruffled at the breast, a good castor hat with band and buckle, a pair of good pumps, with a pair of double rimmed silver buckles. He has a mark of distinction, which from modesty, or some other motive, he is careful to conceal; one of his ears (but which is forgot) is remarkably less than the other. The above reward will be paid if he should be taken up out of the province, or 60 miles from Baltimore town in the province, and brought home; five pounds if at the distance of 40 miles, three pounds if 30, and forty shillings if 20 miles, with reasonable travelling expences, including the legal charge under the act of assembly, by tf THOMAS JONES.

Baltimore, February 28, 1775,

FOR SALE,

THE corner water lot at Fell's Point, lying on Bond and Thame's streets, opposite the London coffee-house, with the wharf, granaries, and dwelling-house, at present occupied by Mr. George James. The lot is 120 feet front on the street, and the wharf 120 feet front on the water, well filled in and secured, and has 17 feet water at a common tide. The granaries, to which a ship may lay her side and take in her whole cargo, hold 14,000 bushels, and are strong well built framed houses. The dwelling-house has good cellars, and is sufficient for a small family, with a pump of water at the door; the whole well fenced in. A purchaser may have any reasonable credit, and know the terms, by applying to tf

JAMES CHRISTIE, jun.
or ROBERT CHRISTIE, jun.

Annapolis, February 24, 1775.

TO be sold, a likely young country-born negro wench, about 15 years of age. For terms apply to tf WILLIAM [illegible]OKE.

Annapolis, January 23, 1774.

TO be sold by the subscriber, on very reasonable terms, all the medicines and shop furniture, belonging to the estate of the late Dr. Shaw; twelve months, or two years credit will be given to the purchaser, on giving bond, with security, if required, by

RUTH SHAW.

N. B. To be sold, or hired, a likely young negro woman.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Chester-town, Kent county, in the province of Maryland, on the 27th day of January last, an indented servant man, named John Daime, by trade a sawyer and rough carpenter: he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, and wears short light hair, is of a fair complexion, round shouldered, and stoops when he walks, he speaks something in the west of England dialect. He had on, and took with him, an old claret coloured surtout coat, a home-spun close-bodied light brown ditto, which is much too large for him, a short flannel quilted waistcoat, two osnabrig shirts, a pair of good buckskin breeches, with a pair of plain yellow knee buckles, two pair of yarn stockings, the one pair white, the other brown, and pretty good shoes and shoe buckles; he can write a pretty good hand, and it is probable he will forge a discharge from Capt. Samuel Nicholson, (to whom he indented himself) upon the counter part of his indentures. Whoever secures him in any jail so that he may be had again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges will be paid, by 3 w

J. NICHOLSON, jun.

WANTING, a quantity of bark for the tanning business this season, and the subscribers will give the best of prices for the same, delivered in Annapolis. tf SELBY and HOWARD.

April 13, 1775.

To be sold to the highest bidder, on Monday the 5th day of June next, at the house of Mr. Thomas Reeder, living in Charles county, at Piles's-Fresh,

PART of a tract of land, known by the name of Hadlow, containing ninety-three acres, lying and being within three miles of Piles's-Fresh, whereon is a good dwelling-house and several out-houses, a good apple and peach orchard, all in good repair. Any person wanting to see the land, before the day of sale, may apply to William Grey, living on the premises, who will shew the said land. Credit will be given for part of the purchase money, by

w 3 THOMAS GRAVES, living in Frederick county, Maryland.

April 10, 1775.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, the 8th of this instant, two Irish indented servants, each of which has about three years to serve, viz.

FRANCIS MANIS, about thirty years of age, a very stout well made fellow, about five feet ten inches high, very full faced, short dark hair; had on and took with him, a good brown broad cloth coat, full black velvet jacket and breeches, and a pair of black everlasting breeches, with yellow metal buttons, an old blue coat with new large sleeves, shirts, shoes and stockings; his calling a ditcher or brickmaker.

JOHN DELANY, about 26 years of age, five feet eight inches high, well made, fair skin, ruddy complection, short brown hair; had on and took with him, a green jacket made sailor fashion, a purple under jacket, a white shirt, one or two check shirts, much worn, a new felt hat, a black silk handkerchief round his neck, a pair of white kersey breeches, and a pair of blue serge breeches, one pair of Scotch Kilmarnock, and one pair of Kendall ribbed hose mixed black and white, a pair of half worn shoes, and square steel buckles, he writes a good hand; and they have both been in different parts of Pennsylvania. Whoever takes up the aforesaid servants, and secures them so that the subscriber may have them again, shall receive ten pounds reward, if taken out of the province, if in the province, six pounds, or half the above reward for either, by

2 RICHARD GRAVES.

Anne-Arundel county, April 12, 1775.

COMMITTED to my custody on suspicion of being runaways, the four following persons, to wit, James M'Glolin, he is a middle size man, brown swarthy complexion, black hair, has on a claret coloured jacket, a blue waistcoat and breeches, old shoes and stockings. Alexander Henwinken, a middle size man, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; has on a blue short jacket and waistcoat, and cassimer breeches, short black hair, and has lost one of his fingers. James Todd, a spare young fellow; has on a brown short jacket, blue waistcoat and breeches, short black hair, they all three appear to be sailors, and say they came from a ship in Hobb's Hole, called the Mars, Isaac Midshipman, captain. Likewise Daniel Hurly, who belongs to Samuel Douglass, in Frederick county. Their masters are desired to take them away, and pay charges to tf WILLIAM NOKE, sheriff.

Just opened, and to be sold by the subscribers, at their store, on the head of the dock.

A NEAT assortment of stampt cottons and calicoes—a few pieces of neat bed-furniture—a good assortment of three quarter and yard wide Irish linens, from 1s. to 3s. cost; -yard and half quarter Irish and Russia sheetings—German dowlas—a few pieces of osnabrig, and Welch cottons—a large assortment of mens neatest made shoes—seine twine.

They have also for sale, a large assortment of clothes, English double and single refined loaf sugar---Cheshire and double Gloster cheese---a few groce of porter, and port wine—a few quarter casks of old Madeira and Lisbon wine—old spirits, and rum by the hogshead, quarter cask, or gallon---molasses---Muscovado sugar---coffee---chocolate, &c. &c.

THOMAS C. WILLIAMS and Co.

N. B. Have likewise for sale, excellent country made beer, in quarter casks; made by Mr. Isaac Perkins, in Kent county. It is much superior to any ever made in this province, it being entirely clear of the common smoaky taste.

April 13, 1775.

To be sold at public vendue, on Monday the 1st day of May next, at the house of Mr. James Tootell, on the head of Severn,

FOUR Negroes, consisting of a man, one woman, a child, and one young [illegible] about fifteen years of age. Also one silver [illegible], with several other articles, all belonging to the estate of the late Thomas Brown. And on the Monday following we will attend at the house of Mr. William Spiers, to settle with those people that purchased any thing at the former sales of the said estate, and those who neglect to come and settle may expect to have suits brought against them without further notice. w 2

JOHN HALL, son of Edw. } Administrators of
BENJ. WRIGHT. } Tho. Brown.

To be sold to the highest bidder, at Mr. Ninian Beall's of Ninian, on the 20th day of August next, if fair; if not the next fair day,

TWELVE hundred acres of land, lying on great Seneca creek, (near the mouth) in Frederick county, Maryland; whereon is three plantations, a great quantity of valuable meadow land, and two exceeding good mill seats, the purchaser or purchasers to have immediate possession, on giving bond with approved security, payable the 20th day of November 1776: to carry interest from the date of the bond, if not punctually discharged at or on the aforesaid 20th day of November. The land will be laid out in lots suitable to the purchaser. Any person inclinable to view the land before the day of sale, may apply to Ninian Beall, son of Ninian. w 16

CHARLES BEALL.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by FREDERICK GREEN.